

SCHEDULE ONE

DETERMINATION AREA

The Part C Determination Area, generally shown as bordered in blue on the maps at Schedule Two, comprises all land and waters bounded by the following description:

- All that land comprising those portions of Lot 214 as shown on Deposited Plan 220375 that are wholly within the external boundary of Exploration Licence E09/2206 (as defined by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety as at 1 August 2017).
- All that land comprising those portions of Lot 60 as shown on Deposited Plan 194660 that are wholly within the external boundary of Exploration Licences E09/2121 and E09/2145 (as defined by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety as at 1 August 2017).
- All that land comprising those portions of Lot 40 as shown on Deposited Plan 238030 that are wholly within the external boundary of Exploration Licences E09/2096, E09/2178, E52/3387, E52/3393 and E52/3468 (as defined by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety as at 1 August 2017).
- All that land comprising those portions of Lot 38 as shown on Deposited Plan 221065 that are wholly within the external boundary of Exploration Licences E09/2044, E09/2079, E09/2096, E09/2121, E09/2145, E09/2178 and E09/2202 (as defined by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety as at 1 August 2017) and that fall easterly of a line commencing at Latitude 24.589108 South, Longitude 116.245187 East and extending northeasterly to the intersection of the centerline of Wanna Road (approximately at Latitude 24.190484 South, Longitude 116.446724 East), being a southeastern corner of Native Title Determination Application WAD464/2016 Combined Thiin-Mah Warriyangka, Tharrkari, Jiwarli (WC2016/003); then northeasterly to Latitude 24.121114 South, Longitude 116.481796 East.
- All that land comprising those portions of Lot 25 as shown on Deposited Plan 238030 that are wholly within the external boundary of Exploration Licences E52/3391 and E52/3392 (as defined by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety as at 1 August 2017) and that fall westerly of a line defined by the following coordinate positions.

Latitude (South)	Longitude (East)
24.603746	117.471889
24.630097	117.425700
24.646047	117.395771
24.672208	117.354921
24.698319	117.327271
24.723789	117.303471
24.750799	117.282691
24.790720	117.260251
24.822310	117.247900
24.840700	117.239190
24.850641	117.223370
24.854001	117.188191
24.858992	117.150191
24.864632	117.103251

Note: Geographic Coordinates provided in Decimal Degrees.

All referenced Deposited Plans and Diagrams are held by the Western Australian Land Information Authority, trading as Landgate.

Cadastral boundaries sourced from Landgate's Spatial Cadastral Database dated 29th June 2018.

Exploration Licences sourced from Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety boundaries as at 1st August 2017.

For the avoidance of doubt the determination excludes any land and waters subject to:

Native Title Determination Application WAD6033/1998 Wajarri Yamatji Part A (WCD2017/007) as Determined in the Federal Court on the 19th October 2017.

Native Title Determination Application WAD6033/1998 Wajarri Yamatji Part B (WCD2018/002) as Determined in the Federal Court on the 23rd April 2018.

Native Title Determination Application WAD72/1998 Nharnuwangga Wajarri and Ngarlawangga (WCD2000/001) as Determined in the Federal Court on the 29th August 2000.

Native Title Determination Application WAD6161/1998 Gnulli (WC1997/028) as Registered by the Native Title Registrar on the 17th August 2018.

Native Title Determination Application WAD464/2016 Combined Thiin-Mah Warriangka, Tharrkari, Jiwarli (WC2016/003) as Filed in the Federal Court on the 7th October 2016.

Datum: Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA94)

Prepared By: Graphic Services (Landgate) 7th November 2018

Use of Coordinates:

Where coordinates are used within the description to represent cadastral or topographical boundaries or the intersection with such, they are intended as a guide only. As an outcome to the custodians of cadastral and topographic data continuously recalculating the geographic position of their data based on improved survey and data maintenance procedures, it is not possible to accurately define such a position other than by detailed ground survey.